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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The War Department has issued an order that ten additional regiments of infantry volunteers be organized for service in the Philippines; no special effort will be made to secure recruits in the Southern States. —— Admiral Dewey cables that he will reach New York September 29th. —— A ten thousand dollar fire at Red Springs. —— Filipino insurgents attacked Angeles but were driven off. —— Correspondents of London papers at Rennes believe that Dreyfus will again be found guilty. —— Mr. Guerin, president of the Anti Semite League in Paris is still holding out. —— A negro who attempted to assault a widow lady near Brantly, Ala., was lynched by a mob. —— Another alleged forgery in the Dreyfus case is exposed. —— Two prominent white farmers near Bainbridge, Ga., were attacked by a negro; one was clubbed to death and the other is not likely to recover. ——A severe storm prevailed last night in Norfolk, Va. —— Gen. Roget testified before the Dreyfus court martial yesterday. —— Promoters of the yarn mills combination have made offers for nearly all the print cloth mills in Fall River. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 2½ per cent, last loan being at 3 per cent; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6 3-16c; flour was firmer and finally active; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red, 78⅝c; corn—spot firm, No. 2 38⅛c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 white 26½c; rosin firm; spirits turpentine firm at 52@53½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., August 17.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 73 degrees, 8 P. M., 67 degrees; maximum, 81 degrees; minimum, 67 degrees; mean, 74 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .10; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 3.90 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 2.5 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Light to moderate showers occurred during the 24 hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday in all but the Augusta and Charleston districts. Slightly lower temperature generally prevailed

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—For North Carolina—Generally fair Friday and Saturday, except rain on the coast Friday, with northerly gale.

Port Almanac --August 18.

Sun Rises	5.23 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.45 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 22 M.
High Water at Southport	4.57 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	8.27 A. M.

Chattanooga is to have a $500,000 automobile manufacturing plant, the first in the South. That ought to pay.

The mineral products of this country last year amounted in value to $709,000,000, an increase of 10 per cent. over the previous year.

A new ice trust has been organized up North to freeze the old ice trust out. This may be a nice thing for the ice consumers while it lasts.

And Chicago too is confronted by a racket. There is a servant girl strike and housekeepers are on the ragged edge. What's a fellow going to do when he has to take a snapshot breakfast?

A Northern exchange says there need be no wonder expressed because Reed and Croker came from Europe on one vessel. Of course not. Neither of them could have come on two vessels.

The pastor who married Mr. Bel-Belmont and Mrs. Sloane is said to have hastened his death by worrying over it, but they are not doing any worrying over him, and neither thinks of wearing mourning.

On due consideration it is not surprising that W. W. Astor should have become a British subject. Haven't noted Americans been for several years toadying to England and bragging about the kinship?

Rev. W. L. Meese, of Auburn, Ind., who in his time has married 1,200 couples, besides others which he didn't count, proposes to hold a matrimonial matinee shortly to contemplate the mixtures he has made.

Police raids upon opium joints in New York and other of our large cities show that the opium smoking habit has made fearful progress in this country and is about as bad as it is in some of the countries of the old world.

The indications are for a racket between the Bulls and the Boers, who have their dander up and are putting on their war-paint. If it comes they say they'll knock the bottom out of John Bull's gold mines and give Johannesburg the jim-jams.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M., will hold an emergent communication to night for work in the F. C. degree.

— Spirits turpentine was held higher in price on the local market yesterday, at 49 cents for regulars and 48½ cents for irregulars. There were no sales.

— John Albritton, colored, was tried in the police court yesterday for disorderly conduct in wrestling on one of the sidewalks of Fourth street. He was let off with the costs.

— The river steamer *Driver* arrived yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, several hours late, on account of heavy freight. She will clear on the return trip to Fayetteville to-day at noon.

— Assistant Chief of the Fire Department W. P. Monroe will leave Monday for Syracuse, N. Y., to attend the National Conference of the Fire Chiefs and Assistant Chiefs, which will convene in that city next week.

— Justice Fowler yesterday fined Hiram Moore for improper conduct, on one of the street cars. Helen Moseley, colored, was sent to jail in default of the payment of costs in a case against her for engaging in an affray.

— There will be a dance at Hanover Seaside club house to-night, and the house committee is making ample arraagements for the thorough success of the event. If the weather is favorable there certainly will be a large attendance.

— Sheriff MacRae yesterday received a postal from Sheriff George B. McLeod, of Lumberton, saying that he would be here Saturday for the young man Robertson, who was arrested Wednesday, charged with the larceny of a watch.

— Justice W. McD. Evans, yesterday tried Caroline Moseley, colored, for a murderous assault with an axe upon Emma Moseley, an aunt of the offender. She was committed in default of $50 justified bond for her appearance at the Criminal Court.

— Ida Sanders, the colored woman who assaulted and so severely gashed her sister with a glass dish in an affray Wednesday afternoon, was sent to jail by Justice McGowan in default of $50 bond for her appearance at the November term of the Criminal Court.

— Our efficient superintendent of health, Dr. W. D. McMillan, was unwell yesterday. He indulged in a sail on his handsome yacht at Wrightsville Wednesday afternoon and the wind and rain of a "West India hurricane," were too much for his constitution.

— A committee consisting of Messrs. H. E. Bonitz and Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., appointed by Jefferson Lodge No. 61, K. of P., have drafted suitable resolutions in respect to the memory of their deceased brother, Francis R. Hawes, who died in Omaha, Neb., last week.

— The schooners *Wm. Linthicum*, Capt. Brannock, and the *Warren B. Potter*, Capt. Slocum, both of which have frequently visited this port, sailed Sunday from Georgetown, S. C., with cargoes of lumber for Baltimore and Boston, respectively. It is feared that they fared roughly in the hurricane, which they probably encountered when a short way out.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted—Book-keeper.
Masonic—Meeting Wil. Lodge.
S. H. MacRae—Bankrupt notice.
Wanted—Bids for build'g a hospital.
Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.—Save your dimes.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Zach. T. Pearson, of Bennettsville, S. C., was here yesterday.

— Messrs. Theo. McKeithan and Chas. Hewett, of Southport, were here yesterday.

— Miss Reina Alderman has returned from a very pleasant visit to relatives at Harrell's Store.

— Herbert McClammy, Esq., returned yesterday from Raleigh, where he has been several days on business.

— Mrs. T. C. Diggs and child, who have been visiting Mrs. P. Heinsberger, Jr., will return to Richmond Saturday.

— Mr. Ben. Marsh, a resident of this city prior to the civil war, but for many years a prominent citizen of Salisbury, N, C., is here on a visit to his sister, Mrs. M. R. Gill.

— Miss Minnie Pearce, of Southport, is spending some time in the city quite pleasantly, the guest of Mrs. E. V. Richards, on Ninth street, between Dock and Orange.

— Mr. H. J. Herrick, Superintendent of the Richmond office of the Bradstreet Commercial Agency, is in the city. Mr. Herrick is a North Carolina ex-editor, and the STAR people were glad to have him as a visitor last evening.

Benefit Paid.

Mr. L. M. LeGwin, treasurer Tar Heel Conclave No. 375, Independent Order of Heptasophs, received a check for $3,000 in payment of benefit on the life of Mr. W. B. Scattergood, a member of that conclave, who died in Atlanta on June 29th. This order is very prompt in paying its benefits.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

A SPLENDID SUCCESS

Scored Yesterday by the Moore's Creek Battle Ground Monumental Association.

THE ANNUAL CELEBRATION.

Big Excursion From Wilmington—5,000 People On Battle Ground—Stirring Music—Beautiful Ceremonies. General Good Time.

The officers and members of the Moore's Creek Battle Ground Association, the various committees and ladies and gentlemen other than members, who in any way participated in the programme, abundantly merit the highest and most sincere congratulations upon the splendid success which attended the celebration yesterday of the Battle of Moore's Creek Bridge, so gallantly fought by American patriots under the leadership of Col. Lillington, then of Wilmington, and Col. Caswell, against the British and Tories, commanded by General Donald McDonald, on February 27th, 1776.

It is estimated that 5,000 people assembled on this famous battle ground to share the pleasures of the celebration and pay reverent homage to the memory of those fearless patriots who rallied to the colonial standard, boldly and with signal success baffling a deep laid plot on the part of the British to cripple and crush the American Revolution by uniting the Tories and erstwhile Scotch Highlanders with Lord Cornwallis' army and thereby capture and hold in check the South until the colonies in the North were conquered.

Every one expected a big success to be scored by the celebration, and the STAR is glad to report that the expectations of the most sanguine were more than realized in the rendition of the programme, features of which were an annual meeting of Moore's Creek Monumental Association, stirring music by the Second Regiment Band, of Wilmington, the address by R. G. Grady, Esq., of Burgaw, monument decorating and flag roising by a bevy of young ladies representing the thirteen original States, a sumptuous picnic dinner and barbecue, followed by quite an enjoyable dance which continued until a late hour last night.

The Wilmington Excursion.

A train of seven coaches, bearing probably 500 people, left the Front street A. C. L. depot for the Battle Ground a few minutes past 9 o'clock yesterday morning, arriving at Currie, the nearest station, about 10 o'clock. Through the thoughtfulness of the reception committee numerous conveyances were in waiting to convey the excursionists to the battle ground, scarcely three-quarters of a mile away. In this connection the STAR representative tenders thanks to Dr. Geo. F. Lucas, who kindly put his excellent carriage at his disposal for driving to and from the battle ground.

It was an imposing scene at the battle ground, the vast crowd of people moving hither and thither, hundreds of them grouped about the historic granite monument and the prettily designed and substantially constructed new pavillion, both of which occupy commanding positions.

Business Meeting of Association.

It was 10.30 o'clock when the business meeting of the Moore's Creek Association was called to order by President James F. Moore, Capt. R. P. Paddison, the regular secretary serving in his official capacity.

Announcement was made by Capt. Paddison and President Moore that an appropriation of $100 for 1898, $100 for 1899 and an annual appropriation of $50 thereafter has been made by the State to the Association.

Dr. G. F. Lucas, Dr. E. Porter and Bruce Williams, Esq., were appointed by the President a committee to receive certain relics which were brought to the battle ground for presentation to the Association, it being the purpose of the Association to ultimately have a museum on the grounds.

President Moore announced that the Association had accumulated a debt of $280 and requested all members to some time during the day pay to Secretary Paddison their $10 assessments and receive certificates of indebtedness for the same, the purpose of the Association being to treat the matter as a loan and refund it just as soon as the affairs of the corporation will admit of it.

On motion of Dr. E. Porter, seconded by Dr. G. F. Lucas, letters from the Governors of the thirteen original States, acknowledging the receipt of invitations to attend and regretting the impossibility of their being present, were ordered spread upon the minutes.

President Moore announced that a large number of people wanted to make small donations to the Association, and a motion by Dr. Porter, that the president and secretary be authorized to receive the contributions, was adopted.

The Association adjourned to meet at Burgaw on Monday, August 28th.

A Beautiful Ceremony.

Immediately after the adjournment of the business meeting, the Second Regiment Band, of Wilmington, struck up the stirring strains of "El Capitan March," in time to which thirteen of Pender county's fairest and most graceful young ladies came upon the pavillion, executing a beautiful drill and subsequently singing with excellent effect the patriotic air "America." Preceding the national air a fervent prayer was offered by the chaplain, Rev. Colin Shaw.

They were all attired alike in white organdie costumes of exquisite pattern with marseilles trimming and sashes of red, white and blue. They wore oxford cans, around the front of each of which, in gold lettering, was the name of the State represented by the young lady by whom it was worn. They also carried a prettily wrought garland of evergreens and the two in front, Miss Annetta Paddison representing Virginia, and Miss Hyacinthe Peterson representing New Hampshire, carried between them an evergreen hoop. Both the wreath and the hoop were subsequently used by the young ladies in decorating the monument.

The beautiful ceremonies so well rendered by the bevy of young ladies representing the thirteen original States were arranged under the direction of Mrs. E. A. Hawes and the following were the young ladies and the States they represent:

Virginia, Miss Annetta Paddison; South Carolina, Miss Meta Simpson; North Carolina, Miss Thyra Lucas; Georgia, Miss Berta Simpson; Maryland, Miss Maggie Hawes; Delaware, Miss Eula Bordeaux; New Jersey, Miss Sena Herring; New York, Miss Mary Lucas; Connecticut, Miss Mary Styron; Pennsylvania, Miss Lina McAuslin; Rhode Island, Miss Irene Simpson; New Hampshire, Miss Hyacinthe Peterson; Massachusetts, Miss Mattie Hawes.

Address of R. G. Grady, Esq.

President Jas. F. Moore of the Monumental Association introduced the orator of the day, incidentally extending a welcome to the people. He announced that Hon. C. B. Aycock, of Goldsboro, had been invited to deliver the address but had been obliged to decline and thereafter introduced R. G. Grady, Esq., whom he stated had only known for a few hours before that he was to perform this task.

Mr. Grady was cordially greeted and treated his vast audience to quite an appropriate address, in which he fluently reviewed the struggles of the people in many ages of the world for the establishment and maintenance of liberty, and then presented in vivid detail the most notable incidents of the Moore's Creek Bridge battle, as well as the incidents leading up to this famous 'clash at arms," concluding with a beautiful tribute to the movement looking to the erection of monumets to the heroic dead.

The STAR regrets that demand for space will not admit of the publication of the speech in full.

Monument Decorated.

Following the address there was an appropriate selection by the band, followed by the rendering of "The Old North State," in which the whole audience participated, being led by the bevy of young ladies representing the thirteen original States. The song concluded, the band rendered a march, and the ladies went through another difficult and very pretty drill, after which the ladies marched from the pavilion to the monument, about one hundred feet away, which they twined with the two seventeen-foot evergreen wreaths, securing them to the top of the shaft by means of the evergreen hoop, used to such good advantage in the previous drill. An evergreen bearing the name "Grady," in honor of John Grady, who was killed during the battle, was also suspended on the monument under which the remains of the dead hero lie buried.

The scene presented in decorating the monument was especially attractive, the beauty and appropriate costuming of the thirteen young ladies combining with the ceremonies and drills rendered in completing a beautiful picture, snap spots of which were eagerly sought and obtained by professional and amateur photographers.

Unfurling the Flag.

Several feet to the north of the monument was a flag pole more than one hundred feet high and the young ladies passed to this after encircling the monument several times in graceful drill in time to band music. Here, with the assistance of several gentlemen they raised a large national flag, the while singing "The Star Spangled Banner."

The Sumptuous Spread.

The flag raising concluded the exercises of the day and feeding of the multitude was the next thing in order. This the good people of Pender did most sumptuously and "to the queen's taste." A table several hundred feet long was improvised and upon this a competent committee on dinner spread. There was everything good to eat including barbecue.

The following was the committee on dinner:

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Woodcock, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Corbett, Mr. Frank Sessoms, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Hollinsworth, Dr. and Mrs. Geo. F. Lucas, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sidbury, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Foy, Dr. and Mrs. E. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. John Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Ab. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Henry, Mr. and Mrs. James W. Colvin, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Hawes, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Bullard, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Herring, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. McMoore, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Paddison, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Corbett, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Keith, Mr. and Mrs. L. Vollers, Mr. and Mrs. Wash. Henry, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Woodcock.

Music and Dancing.

After dinner there was music and dancing all the afternoon. The Wilmington excursionists left at 6:10 o'clock, but the merry-making continued until far into the night.

This report would be incomplete without the names of the marshals and the committees on arrangements and reception on duty during the day. They are:

Committee of Reception—E. A. Hawes, Dr. G. F. Lucas, R. G. Grady, Dr. E. Porter, J. T. Foy.

Committee of Arrangements—Mrs. E. A. Hawes (chairman), W. F. Bell, W. J. Hollingsworth, D. J. Corbett, R. P. Paddison, B. F. Keith.

Marshals—W. H. Alderman (chief), W. R. Walker, J. H. Colvin, M. M. Bullard, J. E. Henry, Joe A. Johnson, C. C. Woodcock, Jno. R. Hawes, Ed. Hollingsworth, J. J. Lucas, J. A. Black, R. P. Paddison, D. J. Corbett, Allen Keith, Dan Corbett.

AUDIT AND FINANCE.

City Board Met Yesterday Afternoon and Transacted Routine Business—Compensation for Tax Lister.

The meeting of the City Board of Audit and Finance, deferred from Tuesday, was held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, members present being Mr. H. C. McQueen (chairman), Mr. W. A. Riach, Mr. C. W. Yates and Capt. John Cowan (clerk).

The matter of awarding the contract to Mr. Thad F. Tyler by the Board of Aldermen for the erection of five pest houses at a cost of $948 was deferred until a subsequent meeting.

The board, however, concurred in the action of the Board of Aldermen in awarding the contract for repairs to the city prison to Mr. G. M. Summerell at a cost of $657. Work on the repairs has already been begun, and very satisfactory progress is being made.

The compensation of the city tax lister was fixed at $425, provided that the tax book is turned over to the city in its completed form by September 1st and is accepted by the board as satisfactory.

The clerk submitted a report of an examination of the books of the city treasurer and tax collector for July, showing cash on hand July 1st $25,819.82, and receipts for the months amounting to $9,789.39, making a total of $35,609.21. The disbursements for the corresponding period amounted to $9,975.72, leaving a balance to August account of $25,633.49.

Bills were audited and approved as follows: Current expenses, $1,378.84; commission to city attorney for back tax collection, $251.64. Total, $1,630.48.

The board adjourned subject to call of the chairman.

FIRE YESTERDAY MORNING.

Three Story Dwelling On Second Street With Contents Damaged About $1,000. Insurance Covers Losses.

Fire was discovered at 9 20 o'clock yesterday morning in the attic of the three-story frame dwelling, No. 114 South Second street, owned by Mr. J. H. Strauss and occupied by Mrs. E. B. Wiggins.

An alarm was sent in to the department from box 43, at corner Front and Orange streets, and though the firemen responded promptly, on account of the brisk northwest winds, the flames were not subdued until about $850 or $1,000 damage was sustained by the owners of building and contents.

The fire is thought to have originated from matches, ignited probably by rats.

The furniture is owned by Mrs. Wiggins and the damage is placed at $400 in the records of the fire department. Mrs. Wiggins carried insurance with Messrs. J. H. Boatwright & Son to the amount of $1,200.

The damage to the building is estimated at $250, which is also covered by insurance with Messrs. Boatwright & Son in a policy of $1,000.

Several of the boarders also suffered slight losses in damage to wearing apparel, etc., by water.

Chief Charles Schnibben desires to express thanks to Mr. R. B. Mason for a number of very fine cigars presented to the firemen.

JUVENILE BASE BALL.

The Game Yesterday Between "Spring Chickens" and O. U. D.'s.

The baseball teams of two juvenile field athletic associations styling themselves the "Spring Chickens" and the "O. U. D.s," tried conclusions on the O. A. N. diamond yesterday afternoon. The "Chickens" were victorious in score of 4 to 0.

The personnel of the teams was as follows:

S. C.s		O. U. D's
Taylor	c	Wessell, A.
Reilly	p	Orrell, L.
Duffy	1 b	Orrell, N.
Crow	2 b	Grant.
Wescott	3 b	Craft.
LeGrand	s. s	Gaylord.
Meiers	e. f	Belden.
Rosenmann	c. f	Hashagen.
Frank	r. f	Wessell, L.

Umpire—Reilly and H. Lietgen.

The mascots of the teams were Masters Phil Taylor and Dave Struthers.

Exceptionally fine playing was done by Taylor, LeGrand and Crow for the "Chickens" and by Orrell, N. and Grant for the O. U. D's.

FOR THE STANDARD BALE.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, May 5, 1899.—The Galveston Maritime Association held a meeting yesterday and adopted the following:

WHEREAS, The cotton ginners convention which closed its annual meeting at Galveston May 3, 1899, adopted a resolution that all cotton ginners in the State of Texas be requested to remodel their boxes in which the square bale of cotton is originally formed to a standard size of 24 inches wide by 54 inches long; and considering that the trade generally will be greatly benefitted by having bales of uniform size and increased density, therefore be it,

Resolved, by the Galveston Maritime Association, composed of the various ship agents at Galveston, that all ocean freight rates on cotton quoted for shipments to be made on and after August 1st, 1899, shall be based upon said standard bale, compressed to a minimum density of twenty-five (25) pounds to the cubic foot, and that 10 cents per hundred pounds extra freight will be charged on all bales of greater dimensions or less density.

B. ADOUE, President.
GEO. ANDERSON, Secretary.

Read the advertisement of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency in this issue of the STAR. It offers for sale some very valuable farms.

WILL INVESTIGATE HERE.

Penitentiary Investigating Committee Here Monday — Summons Issued for Castle Haynes Officials.

The committee appointed by the last General Assembly to investigate the management of the State prison, will hold an adjourned meeting in the County court room in this city next Monday, beginning at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of taking the testimony of several of the officials of the State farm at Castle Haynes and of the rice farm across the river.

Sheriff MacRae yesterday received from State Senator Brown, of Columbus county, who is chairman of the committee, summons for W. H. Sharin, who is connected with the Castle Haynes farm; J. T. Rasbury, steward at the farm, and a third one for Geo. H. Cannon, superintendent of the Castle Haynes and rice farms. The first named summons was executed yesterday and the others will receive attention to day.

The summons for Rasbury enjoins hmi to bring for the examination of the court "all books and papers showing receipts or expenditures of his department of said institution for the past four years." The summons for Cannon also requires him to furnish for inspection his books showing receipts and disbursements for the same period.

The committee is conducting this investigation into the working of the State penitentiary by authority of Chapter 5, of the Public Laws of North Carolina, which is entitled "An act to appoint a committee to investigate the management of the State penitentiary." Several sessions have already been held in Raleigh, disclosing in many instances evidences of gross mismanagement on the part of officials, and the investigation here is to throw additional light on the matter and to assist the committee in making a complete summary of the situation for presentation to the next General Assembly.

Section eight of the act makes it a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than $100, nor more than $1,000, and imprisonment in the discretion of the Superior Court, for any witness after being duly summoned to fail to attend an examination similar to the one to be held here Monday.

MARRIED AT SOUTHPORT.

Miss Mattie Wescott to Mr. Pierre Harriss Wednesday Afternoon—A Reception.

The Southport *Standard* of yesterday has the following announcement of the marriage of Mr. Pierre Harriss, of Wilmington to Miss Mattie Wescott of that town:

"Yesterday a few minutes after noon Mr. Pierre A. Harriss, of Wilmington, was married to Miss Mattie Wescott, of Southport. The event was quite, a surprise to the young bride's many friends in Southport, a few only of which were invited to attend the quiet though pretty marriage which was celebrated at the home of her sister, Mrs. H. V. Tharp, Rev. W. M. Shaw officiating.

"The happy couple left at 2:30 P. M. for Wilmington where they make their future home, followed by the best wishes of their many friends."

Wednesday night at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Sallie Skipper on Fifth street near Hanover, an enjoyable reception was tendered the happy young couple, to which a number of friends were invited.

The bride is a daughter of Mrs. Amanda Wescott, of Southport, and a sister of Mr. J. A. Wescott, junior member of the firm of T. J. Wescott & Co.

FIVE HUNDRED EXCURSIONISTS.

More Than That Number Arrived Yesterday From Concord and Greensboro.

Over 500 excursionists arrived in the city yesterday over the Atlantic Coast Line from Concord, Greensboro and intermediate points. The train, which was made up of ten coaches and baggage car, arrived at the Front street station at 6:10 o'clock P. M., and as the rain was falling in torrents and the wind blowing almost with hurricane velocity, very few of them went through to the beaches, but remained over night in the city. Many of them will visit the seaside to-day, however, as the train will not leave on the return trip until 11 o'clock to-night.

The excursion is managed by Mr. J. T. Leonard, of Concord, and is one of the largest that has visited Wilmington this season.

NEW CROP COTTON.

First Bale Sold in the State Received in Wilmington Yesterday.

The first bale of new crop cotton received in Wilmington this season arrived yesterday over the W., C. & A. railroad, and is consigned to Mr. E. Lilly, by The Hardison Company, of Morven, N. C. The bale weighs 520 pounds, and was originally sold on August 14th, as told in the STAR'S telegraphic dispatches, at six and one-half cents.

Mr. Lilly has thus far made no disposition of the cotton.

Policeman Suspended.

Mayor Waddell and Chairman Taylor, of the Police Committee of the Board of Aldermen, last night heard the testimony of several witnesses residing in Brooklyn touching a charge recently brought to the attention of the committee against Policeman W. D. George, whom it is alleged, on Saturday night used unnecessary violence in clubbing a white prisoner being carried to the guard house for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. The officer was suspended indefinitely.

THE WINDS HIGH AGAIN LAST NIGHT.

Blew a Gale On the Beaches and Made Thirty-five Miles in the City. No Uneasiness.

Wilmington's touch of the West Indian hurricane did not subside so early as was expected yesterday, and while there was not so much anxiety felt in the city over the general storm conditions the wind maintained a sufficient velocity to suggest to one that after all people may have anticipated the hurricane too early, and there were yet to come winds and high seas that have been raging in the minds of the more imaginative since the Weather Bureau began to send its first bulletins of the approaching storm.

During the entire day yesterday a blustering wind from the northwest, sometimes accompanied by rain, served to make the life of pedestrians miserable, and just at nightfall the rain commenced pouring in torrents and the streets were almost deserted. About 10 o'clock last night the wind attained its maximum velocity of thirty-six miles per hour.

At the beaches yesterday and last night the winds were as fierce as those of Tuesday and Wednesday and the tide was equally as high, but the cottagers and hotel guests had become trained by the continuity of the gales, and little excitement was caused. No damage has thus far been reported from either Carolina or Wrightsville and admirers of a "billowy sea" at those resorts are having a rare feast for their vision.

The following telegram was received last night by Observer Fallon:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 17, 1899. —The storm appears to have moved closer to the North Carolina coast, and dangerous northeast gales, with high tides and heavy seas, will continue Friday on the North Carolina and Virginia coasts, probably extending northward to New York.

The height of the storm that struck the North Carolina coast last night seemed to be between Hatteras and Norfolk. Wires were down between these two places and there was no communication with Kitty Hawk. The greatest wind velocity here was 35 miles an hour, northwest; at Norfolk, 43 miles.

LOCAL SHIPPING NEWS.

Expected Arrivals of American and Foreign Vessels at the Port of Wilmington.

With the advent of the cotton season local shipping is greatly enlivened at the port of Wilmington by the visits of many tramp steamers of heavy tonnage, which are employed for the export business by the two compresses located here.

The current issue of the *Maritime Register* gives the following list of vessels to arrive at this port in the near future:

Norwegian steamship *Aquila*, 1,407 tons, Andersen; sailed from Hamburg August 12th.

Norwegian barque *Eliezer*, 560 tons, Andreassen; passed Dungeness June 22nd.

British steamship *Sapphire*, 1,389 tons, Tonkin; cleared from Huelva August 2nd.

The following schooners are in port at New York for Wilmington: *M. C. Haskell*, 299 tons, Wingfield; *Chas. H. Sprague*, 260 tons, Harper; *Geo. R. Congdon*, 435 tons, Bayles; *Jno. C. Smith*, 292 tons, Kreoland; *Laconia*, 474 tons, Vance.

ONEIDA ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Had to Put to Sea to Escape Hurricane. Passed a Derelict.

The Clyde steamship *Oneida*, Capt. Staples, arrived in port yesterday about 1 o'clock, having passed up from Southport at 9.30 o'clock. The steamer encountered the hurricane three miles beyond Frying Pan lightship and was compelled to put to sea to escape the fury of the storm. Capt. Staples says he had a rather rough experience, but says his vessel has proven itself to be admirably fitted for rough seas, and he steamed her into port yesterday without the slightest evidences of injury.

About sixty-five miles south by southeast of Frying Pan shoals Capt. Staples reports having passed a derelict schooner with three masts, all her sails having been torn into shreds and the vessel apparently deserted. The wrecked vessel, he says, was painted black, and could not, therefore, be the schooner *C. C. Lester*, which is several days overdue.

Leaves for Norfolk.

Mr. J. F. Newsom, who for a number of years has been connected with the Wilmington branch of the U. S. Weather Bureau service as assistant observer, will leave this morning for Norfolk, Va., where he has been assigned to a similar position in the office in that city. Mrs. Newsom will accompany him to Princeton, N. C., where she will spend some time with her parents, afterwards joining her husband in their new home at Norfolk. Mr. Newsom carries with him to his new post of duty the sincere wishes of a host of Wilmington friends for his success in the field to which he has been assigned.

Mr. Calvin A. Miller, of Chattanooga, Tenn., who has recently been appointed to a position in the Weather Bureau service, succeeds Mr. Newsom in the office here.

If you wish to sell a farm or city property place it in the hands of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency. R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

BOYS AT CAMP KENAN.

Still Shut In by the Weather, But Hope to be Out To-day—A Game of Base Ball.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

CAMP KENAN,
CAROLINA BEACH, Aug. 17.

The hurricane was at its height between 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and last night at 1 o'clock, but the wind has been blowing a steady gale ever since. It has been cloudy all day with considerable rain, but the sun showe dher face at intervals during the day and to-night the moon and stars are shining and it now bids fair for good weather to morrow. Should it be so we will get to work and put up our tents and get down to business again.

During the stormy weather we have been doing no drilling and consequently we have no guard duty nor countersigns, but we have one to-night "all right, all right" and that is "Fish" (Herring).

The tide rose so high to-day on the incoming tide that it washed clear under the cottages on the beach, higher that it was during the hurricane.

Some one asked "nigger" where the STAR was this morning, and he said he hadn't seen a "star" since Sunday night.

We will have a ball game to-morrow between Company A and Company B.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,

PROVISIONS

Wholesale only. Do not sell consumers or farmers.

We are the people. We undersell competition and guarantee satisfaction Get our prices and save yourself money.

We Sell D. S. Rib Sides.
D. S. Rib Bellies.
D. S. Backs and Butts.
Smoked Bellies.
Smoked Picnic Hams.
Pure Leaf Lard &c.

We are distributors for Powell, Smith & Co.'s celebrated brands of Cigars.

Cuban Blossom Cigars,
Renown Cigars,
Topical Twist Head Cigars,
Santa Bana Cigars.

aug 13 tf

For Building a Hospital.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of Dr. G. G. Thomas, Superintendent and Chief Surgeon,

Atlantic Coast Line Relief Department,

Wilmington, North Carolina, until 6.30 P. M., September 1st, 1899, for furnishing the material and labor of all kinds necessary for constructing

A Hospital at South Rocky Mount,

North Carolina, on line of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, in accordance with plans and specifications, copies of which can be seen at the office of the Engineer of Roadway, Wilmington, North Carolina; the proposal to include Plumbing, Ventilating and Heating.

Information furnished on application at the office of the Engineer of Roadway, Atlantic Coast Line, Wilmington, North Carolina.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

G. G. THOMAS,
Supt. and Chief Surgeon, A. C. L. Relief Department.
fr su aug 18 2t

--SCOTLAND HOTEL--

LOCATED IN GIBSON, IN THE NEW COUNTY OF SCOTLAND.

On Railroad street, convenient to both railroads.

LARGE, AIRY AND WELL FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates, $2.00 per day. Reduction for periods of one week or longer.

Mrs. IRVING ROBINSON, Proprietress,

aug 17 tf D&W GIBSON, N. C.

WANTED.

An experienced Book-keeper.

One without experience need not apply.

Address, 2 X,

aug 18 tf CARE "STAR."

BATHING CAPS.

Fresh Stock.

JAS. D. NUTT,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.

je 20 tf Wilmington, N. C

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of Carson M. Barker, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy. To the creditors of Carson M. Barker, of Grady, in the county of Robeson and district aforesaid, bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of August, A. D. 1899, the said C. M. Barker was duly adjudged a bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of S. H. MacRae, in Fayetteville, in said district, on the 31st day of August, 1899, at 12 o'clock M., at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Fayetteville, N. C. SAMUEL H. MacRAE,
aug 18 1t Referee in Bankruptcy.

ST. JOHN'S HALL, Aug. 18, 1899.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M.

EMERGENT COMMUNICATION this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock, for work in F. C. Degree.

By order of the W. M.
THOS. F. BAGLEY,
aug 18 1t Secretary.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hope Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 18, 1899.

ARE THEY TO BE CHINESE COLONIES?

A few days ago we published a paragraph concerning the number of Japanese laborers being brought into the Hawaiian islands under contract. That is the kind of labor that will be sought there by the owners of plantations because it is the labor that can be worked to the best advantage. But if this be kept up what does it mean eventually? Doesn't it mean that the Hawaiian islands will be practically in the hands of the Japanese, and that they will become controllers of the destiny of those islands, unless they be kept in a condition of virtual slavery? They will in time outnumber both the whites and the natives, and the whites and the natives will not be able to cope with them, if they assert themselves, as they will be very likely to do when they have confidence in their strength to do that. If the Japanese should combine with the natives where would the whites be, if not protected and supported by this Government, which of course assumed that obligation when it annexed the islands.

As the Hawaiian islands are threatened with an influx of Japanese so are the Philippines threatened with an influx of Chinese labor, and that means also an influx of Chinese merchants and traders who will eventually overrun the islands and sap all there is in them. How the way is being prepared for this in advance and the argument that is being made for it is shown by the following significant article clipped from the Manila *Times*:

"Mr. Rounseville Wildman, the American Consul General in Hong Kong, states in an official report that practically no progress can be made in the development of the natural resources of the Philippines until the Chinese exclusion laws are removed. Broadly speaking, he says: 'There is not an industry in the islands that will not be ruined if Chinese labor is not permitted.' Consul Wildman has expressed the feeling of all who have been in this part of the world—there is only kind of labor that succeeds, and that is Chinese. Many Americans will naturally be very unwilling to look at this matter in this light, because their own country is a country in which white men can do manual labor, and they have, therefore, a strong feeling against the competition of an inferior race. Chinese labor is therefore excluded in accordance with the will of the people of the country, as it is also in Australia, but tropical countries cannot depend upon white labor; the white man cannot do in this country what he can do at home. Then it becomes necessary to fall back on some other kind of labor. Now, the people of the country are not sufficient. They are content with little, and have no ambition to make money if it means that they will have to work for it—that is to say, speaking relatively, of course, not that they do no work at all, but that they do an absolute minimum instead of voluntarily displaying activity and energy. For example, no native ever goes to the trouble of taking a lot of merchandise on his shoulders and hawking it around the country. It is too much trouble for the Filipino, and, therefore, as far as he is concerned, the country can remain in pristine savagery, because he would not go to the trouble of packing around the county. The Chinaman does. In doing so, the Chinaman is not competing with the native, because the native does no such thing, and could not be induced to do it; but the Chinaman by doing so, creates trade where there was no trade before he came; he creates a market for goods that never penetrated into the remote regions before. In this consists developing a country. The up-country districts obtain through the Chinaman additional comforts that would be unobtainable without the Chinaman. On the other hand, up-country people get sale for their produce, which would rot on on their hands if the Chinese traders did not come. So much for commerce. As for industry the case is even stronger. Anybody who has had to employ labor in the Philippines knows how difficult it is to get natives to work. For example, if there is timber to be sawn, a Chinaman will saw the timber, a native will not. All the carpentering work in Manila si done by Chinese, simply because natives will not rr cannot do it.

The Filipinos living in the archipelago number six or eight or ten millions, according to various estimates; the Chinese number possibly a quarter or a half a million, and yet when a boat is wanted to be built, a Chinaman has to be found to build it; when a house is to be built a Chinaman is required. Even the trenches and sand-bag brestworks constructed under the Spanish Captain General for the defense of Manila had to be made by Chinese laborers, because Philippine labor is so worthless. There are, of course, some Filipinos who can do work well, but they are so few as to be the exceptions that prove the rule. On the other hand the Chinaman has a mania for work, he is the most willing and patient worker in the world. The objections to Chinese labor are only when it competes with white labor; in competition with lazy, dirty Filipinos the objections to Chinese cease to exist. The American authorities here, while obliged to enforce the order from Washington against the admission of Chinese, are giving a practical demonstration of their disapproval of the order in the fact that they employ Chinese extensively in the hospitals, in camp, in putting up buildings and in many other things. The fleet has Chinese cooks and cabin boys, the army has also in many cases Chinese cooks, hospital attendants, carriers and laborers. Some American officials employ Chinese house servants, not for cheapness, but in sheer desperation, because native servants are so unsatisfactory that it is worth while to pay a Chinaman three, four, or five times as much. Consul General Wildman is quite right; there is hardly an industry in the country, but will be ruined if Chinese are excluded. This is a country where in most lines of industry white men cannot work and natives will not, the alternatives are either to import Chinese, who will work, or leave the work undone, let things slide, let the country retrograde and fall to pieces. Chinese were used to this country ages ago; when the Spaniards first came they found Chinese here; in fact, the isiands more than once came near being annexed by China. Since those days Chinese have always been permitted to come, and have done more to develop the country than anybody else could do. To stop them now means to stop the development of the country, and we trust that the protest of Consul General Wildman will be effective."

Does this look as if these islands were ever to be of any value to the American who does not go there as a speculator or a large employer of labor? We have been told that with the extraordinary natural advantages and resources of these islands they offer enticing inducements to industrious Americans who would find many ways of profitable employment, but it appears from the article given above that the islands are no place for the white man who has to work for a living, and that the natives are not worth a continental for work, which is probably true, so that when simmered down shot gun "benevolent assimilation" means that we are to put the thumbscrews on eight or ten millions of worthless, lounging natives, and turn the islands over to Chinese who are the only fellows who know how and are willing to work in that part of the globe. Of course American syndicates which gobble up the rich lands and mineral properties will benefit by this influx of Chinese, as they did by the influx nine years ago to the Pacific States, but next to them will be the Chinese merchants and traders who will follow to trade with their own people and the natives, and these will get all the money that the Chinese coolies have to spend.

If the natives will not work and the white man can't in that climate, and labor and development must depend upon the Chinaman, all this racket in which we are sacrificing the lives of our soldiers and hundreds of millions of dollars is simply for the benefit of the wealthy Americans and others who may engage in planting, mining and other enterprises which will be carried on with Chinese labor; in other words we are fighting to establish what will practically be Chinese colonies under American bosses. This isn't a very alluring picture or a very fascinating sort of expansion, in which the "benevolent assimilation" doesn't seem to figure at all.

A CALL TO THE COLORED CONTINGENT.

The white Republican bosses and the black Republican bosses are moving to get the colored contingent in line to fight the adoption of the constitutional amendment, as a means to which the following call, addressed "to the colored people of North Carolina," has been issued:

"Greeting: A great many questions of vital importance confronts us as a race, and which must be met and decided—not for the best interest of the few, but the masses.

"Industrially we are not making any headway. We are not accumulating money nor owning land, and until we do this we cannot be counted as material factors. Are you thinking along this line, and have you any plan to benefit the masses?

"Educationally, we must do more. The age demands that men of intelligence go to the front. Plans should be devised to open a free night school in every church, and thus create a new stimulus for education.

"Politically, we must find out where we are, and allow future events to shape our course.

"To this end a conference composed of representative men from each county has been called to meet in Raleigh, N. C., September the 27th and 28th, 1899.

"Let each county represent and act now or never for the race.

Ostensibly this is a call to the colored people to meet in conference to discuss industrial and educational matters, which take precedence in the call over politics, which comes last, but will bob up first in the conference. The "call" was given out for publication by a negro employe in the Collector's office at Raleigh, where doubtless the Collector had a great deal to do with getting it up. As another proof that politics is at the bottom of it we quote the following from the Raleigh *News and Observer*:

A prominent negro who will be in the conference says the negro is at sea now politically and they want to confer as to what is best to do and how to organize to fight the Constitutional Amendment.

"Naturally," he added, "we are to a man against it. We will do all in our power to defeat it. We are going to meet simply as a ways and means committee. Then also we will consider the advisability of emigrating from the State under certain conditions.

"It will be the most important conference the negro has ever held in North Carolina."

The negro office holders and the white Republican office holders, too, are very much interested in this question and they will, of course, do all they can to get the negroes into line against the amendment and they may possibly succeed, but it will be adopted all the same, and it will be a good thing for the negroes when it is, although their bosses will tell them differently and they may believe what they say. What the negro in the South needs is to be taken out of politics, which has never done him any good but much harm.

OUR RAILROADS.

According to the last report of the Interstate Railroad Commission, there were on June 30th, 1898, 186,396 miles of railway in this country, representing an invested capital of $10,818,554,031, $5,430,285,710 of which is in bonds. The roads employed 874,558 persons, whose aggregate pay amounted to $495,055,618. About 16 per cent. of the bonds paid no interest, and 66 per cent. of the stock paid no dividends. The gross earnings amounted to $1,245,325,621, net income $140,319,421, and dividends paid $96,240,864. Net interest paid on funded debt $237,578,706.

Taking the amount of money paid on interest account and as dividends, the railroad business isn't such a bonanza as some people imagine. About one sixth of the more than $5,000,000,000 of bonds earned no interest, while over half the stock is in the same predicament, earning no dividends. There are some of these roads earning money, those favorably located to command large traffic, but there are many of them which are not paying expenses, which is shown by the failure to pay interest on bonds or dividends to stockholders.

But this is a great industry, not simply because it gives employment to nearly a million of people, to whom it pays nearly half a billion dollars a year in wages, but to as many or more indirectly, and supports other industries engaged in the manufacture of rails, bridges, locomotives, cars and other things for the equipment of the roads.

IMPORTING COTTON GOODS.

Notwithstanding the rapid increase in the number of American cotton mills, and the increased production, we still continue to import cotton goods from England, the last report by the U. S. Bureau of Statistics showing that we imported in the past fiscal year $32,053,511 worth, which was $4,786,211 more than in 1898, but $2,365,582 less than in 1897. The increase over last year is attributed to the increased prosperity of the country.

We do not know what was the particular character of the goods imported, but the presumption is that they were high priced fine goods. But whether fine or coarse, it is somewhat remarkable that we should still be importing in such large quantity cotton goods from England, when our cotton manufacturers are seeking foreign markets to take the surplus that cannot be used at home. This is all the more remarkable since this country furnishes the English mills with the bulk of the raw material at raw material prices and buys back the goods at five or six times the price of the raw material.

If we could not manufacture these goods in this country there might be some excuse for this, but when we can and don't it isn't saying much for American enterprise, which has made such remarkable advance in some other industries, nor much for American thrift. With our advantages for the manufacture of cotton, and out control of the raw material, we should not import a dollar's worth of cotton goods from other countries.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— The administration will not worry so much over its Hawaiian volcano if it can find some way to let go of the Capt. Carter case.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

— When an ironmonger was asked why American iron was being sold in Europe at a less price than was demanded for it here, he said: "So as to get rid of the surplus, and keep the price up here." And this applies to meat just as well.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

— It is alleged that American meat can now be bought in England for 1½ to 2 cents a pound cheaper than in the home market, so that if present prices shall be maintained there will be a profit in buying in Liverpool for reshipment to Philadelphia.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

— It would keep our transport service very busy, for a whole year to carry 100,000 men to Manila. There are seventeen steamers and they can carry a total of 17,300 men, but would not carry more than 16,000. The round trip requires at least two months. Six round trips would just about get the 100,000 over, and no more. If the ten new regiments or the, equivalent of the ten, shall all see Manila by November 30, the department will have reason to congratulate itself. They will, none of them, be fit to go before the first of October, and it will require fully two months to transport them, with the available facilities.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

— "Doesn't the vessel tip frightfully?" Steward—"The vessel, mum, is trying to set a good example to the passengers."—*Boston Traveler.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: The woman killed near Red Springs last week was named Sarah McKoy. David Brown is charged with her murder and was brought here Wednesday and lodged in jail. —— The gin house belonging to Daniel Leach, situated in north Maxton, was destroyed by fire last Tuesday night. The cause of the fire is unknown.

— Salisbury *Truth*: W. C. Stewart, of Davie, has a pair of mules which have an unnatural habit of killing and eating chickens and other domestic fowls. —— Kissing bugs are not in it with a winged little monster left at this office to be classified. It is hardly as large as a locust, has large folding wings and a hideous head resembling that of a rattlesnake.

— Clinton *Democrat*: The *Democrat* last week contained an account of the robbery of Capt. Partrick's store by the breaking of a glass in a front window. One of the robbers has been captured and is now in jail. He is Fred Ballard a young negro man, living in town, and who was some years ago convicted of stealing chickens and let off with a light penalty.

— Greensboro *Record*: "Living nine miles below High Point is Wm. Thayer, a cripple in one leg," said a man this morning. "Several years ago he bought the farm upon which he is living and the neighbors and those who knew the place said he would starve, even if he was sound in limb. Well, this year he threshed out 3,600 bushels of wheat and he raises other things in proportion. One leg is shorter than the other or bent, and he walks with a limp, yet he is a worker and a farmer.

— Chatham *Record*: Mr. John Hobby, a merchant of Chapel Hill, died there on last Thursday of hiccoughs, after several days' suffering. He was born and reared in Baldwin township, in this county. ——Chatham lost another of her oldest and respected citizens last Sunday in the death of Mr. Jesse Richardson, of Rock Rest township, after a long and painful sickness. —— The Cape Fear and Northern Railroad, which now extends from Apex to Angier, in Harnett county, is pointing towards Dunn, on the Atlantic Coast Line, and will quite probably soon be extended to that point and thence southwardly to the coast. —— The largest tomatoes that we have seen this year were raised by Mr. Andrew Wolff. Very many of them weighed a pound and a half, and one weighed a pound and ten ounces.

— Kinston *Free Press*: The Kinston Cotton Mills are having 2,000 additional spindles put in, which will increase the number to 5,200. In two or three weeks these additional spindles will probably be in operation. The mills will resume night work about the middle of September or 1st of October, and will then employ over 200 operatives. —— John Thomas, a colored employe of the Bell Logging Company, is supposed to have been murdered near the log landing between the Gay Lumber Co.'s mill and Parrott's bridge Saturday night. The man has not been seen since that time. The murdered man is not the one who has been here all the time, but is from Virginia. Late Saturday night Thomas was carried across the river near Parrott's bridge, the draw of which is open and out of fix so it is impassable. He was taken across by Finn Huggins, James Johnson and Redmond Pittman, all colored. All of the party had been drinking. When the other side of the river was reached Thomas offered to pay Huggins five cents for carrying him across, but did not have any money less than a $5 bill. A quarrel then occurred and Thomas was badly beaten—it is thought with an oar. It is not known whether he was killed by being beaten or not. Huggins, Johnson and Pittman have been arrested and are now lodged in jail, awaiting the preliminary trial this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Johnson, one of the prisoners, says that the body of Thomas was thrown in the river. Several parties have searched for the body, but have not found it. Several persons heard Thomas holler "murder," but when search was made for him he could not be found.

TWINKLINGS.

— Stump Orator—"What is better than to die for one's country?" Pensioner—"To live on her."—*Tit-Bits.*

— She—"Mr. Highnote tells me he is cultivating his voice." He—"Yes; I saw him irrigating it early this morning."—*Chicago News.*

— She—"A man called to-day who said he had just got back from the Klondike." He—"What did he want to buy the place or beg some old clothes?"—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Ethel—"I don't think the new arrival plays golf or tennis or anything." Edith—"Why not?" Ethel—"She signed her name on the register Mary Jane Smith, instead of Mae Jeanne Smythe."—*Judge.*

— Catching the Old Man: Little Clarence—"Pa, that man going yonder can't hear it thunder." Mr. Callipers—"Is he deaf?" Little Clarence—"No, sir; it isn't thundering."—*Puck.*

— "Do you think this poem of mine will live?" asked the high-browed youth. "I dunno," answered the brutal acquaintance. "It ought to. It seems pretty tough."—*Washington Star.*

— Unanimity—"Germany and France are both in favor of disarming," said Gazzam. "Are they?" asked Kilduff in surprise. "Germany is in favor of disarming of France, and France is in favor of disarming of Germany."—*Life.*

— Smith—"There seems to be some hope for those Kentucky mountaineers after all." Jones—"Why do you think so?" Smith—"I overheard one of them trying to convince another that it was wrong to kill a man on Sunday."—*Chicago News.*

— "What we want to do," said the earnest patriot, "is to take hold of these Filipinos and extend to them the blessings of our civilization." "Well," answered the Kentuckian from the Greek river region, "ain't that what we're doing right now? Ain't we right in among 'em shooting just as quick and straight as we know how?"—*Washington Star.*

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-20.
Clinton, Goshen, August 23.
Burgaw, Burgaw, August 26-27.
Magnolia, Centenary, September 2-3.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, September 10-11.
Southport, September 17-18.
Whiteville, Terro Gordo, September 23 24.
Waccamaw, Old Dock, September 26.
Brunswick, Zion, September 30-October 1.
Wilmington, Market Street, (at night) Oct. 1.
Carver's Creek, Shiloh, October 7-8.
Elizabeth, Singletaries, October 14-15.

R. F. BUMPASS,
Presiding Elder.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

FOR THE FARMER.

Rape and Its Culture—Soja Beans and Field Peas—Large Experiments In Feeding.

Professor Henry, in a letter to The Breeder's Gazette, says that rape can be sown on any land of fair quality from April to August, either broadcast or in drills, using four or five pounds of seed in the former case and two to three pounds in the latter. Two pounds of rape seed sown a few days after oats are sown and harrowed in with a light drag properly managed will in nowise injure the springing oat plants, and the growing rape will be enough behind the oats not to interfere with their growth. After harvesting the oats the rape will come on rapidly if there is moisture and furnish a large amount of feed, produced at nominal cost. Where broadcasted by itself have clean land. If the land is foul, grow the rape in drills the same as ruta baga turnips and cultivate frequently until the plants shade the ground. No thinning is required. Rape does not make hay, but must be fed off by sheep, hogs or cattle, its usefulness to these animals being highest for the sheep and less for cattle. Every sheep and swine grower should grow a piece of rape.

The soja bean is a beanlike legume with rather stiff stems growing two or three feet high. Sow immediately after corn planting on a warm soil in drills and cultivate the same as beans. This plant will give some forage, but will not prove as valuable in this particular as the cowpea, which is another warm climate plant that will grow with our correspondent quite successfully. The beans or seeds are rich in both protein and oil and are useful to mix with corn for pig feeding. The field pea requires a cool climate for its highest development. Sow as early as possible in the spring, not worrying even if some frosts should come after the plants have appeared above ground. Cover the seed at least an inch deep in heavy soil and two or three inches deep in light, sandy soil. This is for the purpose of getting the roots down where the ground is cool and moisture abundant. Sow a bushel and a half of peas to the acre, and if desired a half bushel of oats additional to afford some support to the vines. Peas can be fed off by hogs or cut for hay. They are also useful for green forage.

Large Experiments In Feeding.

One aim of the Kansas experiment station, says Professor Haney, is to make experiments on a large enough scale and by methods of sufficiently low cost to compare with actual business conditions, so that the results will indicate what may be done by the farmer who is doing the same work for the purpose of making a living. Recently some important experiments in feeding have been going on. Sixty head of hogs were experimentally fed and marketed. Twenty head of these were given a finishing period of three weeks, and 50 head more have just been put on feed, making in all 130 head fed this winter. These hogs were bought of farmers in the vicinity and fed in bunches of ten each under ordinary farm conditions, which makes the results practical. A press bulletin has been issued on the first experiment, which was in feeding Kaffir in different ways and with alfalfa hay. This experiment shows that the influence of alfalfa added to the feed of dry Kaffir meal makes the alfalfa eaten worth over $28 per ton.

Apple Scab.

Experiments at the Ohio station have demonstrated clearly that the apple scab is the chief factor in the destruction of the apple crop and that this fungus can be kept under control by spraying. Four splendid successive crops were produced on the sprayed trees at the station, while the fruit on the unsprayed trees in the same and neighboring orchards was worthless. The director, Professor Thorne, however, calls attention to the fact that exhaustion of soil fertility, waste of water and insect ravages may all co-operate with scab or other fungous growth in shortening the crop and says: "If our orchards are again to produce the great crops of earlier days, we must, in so far as possible, restore the soil conditions to those days. We must avoid the waste of water in those sections where rainfall is scanty by preventing the growth under the trees of weeds or grass and by keeping the surface in such condition as to prevent evaporation."

More Productive Than Clover.

In the localities where it succeeds, which are mainly in the arid regions of the west, alfalfa is much more productive than clover. It has also the advantage that once the ground is seeded with it the plant will live for years. The chief drawback is that it takes longer to get a start, the plant not making much growth until late the first season. It is very impatient of wet and cannot be grown where the ground during spring and late in winter is flooded. After the first year three crops of hay may be cut in a year, and as the plant has the power of disintegrating air in the soil by the nodules grown on its roots the soil increases in nitrogenous fertility. But of course mineral fertilizers must be supplied when they are needed, as no disintegration of the air can furnish any of these.—Boston Cultivator.

Diversified Crops.

The Texas Stockman says that the idea of crop diversification is taking root among farmers as the only relief from 4 cent cotton. North Texas farmers are in favor of diversification of crops, and in consequence less cotton and more grain and forage crops will be planted this year.

Handsome Horses Wanted.

The maintainance of prices for large, handsome horses should urge stockmen to breed for beauty

Alimentary Value of Fish.

The alimentary value of fish is indisputable. It is wholesome and nutritious and in its wide range of quality and flavor affords gratification to the coarsest as well as the most refined palate. Moreover, in primary cost it is the cheapest of flesh foods and should, therefore, be the universal aliment, everywhere a staple dish upon the family board. To most, however, it is substantially a luxury. In many localities it is not obtainable fresh, and so falls into public disfavor. But even where presented in acceptable condition the accommodation is usually effected with difficulty and expense, involving a corresponding limitation of sale.

Thus it is that the consumer is dissatisfied, the dealer is not content, and the producer, the poor fisherman, rightly bewails his lot, for he profits least. It can be truthfully said that there is no branch of civilized effort wherein the producer receives so small a proportion of the ultimate or consumer's price as does the toiler of the sea for the unchanged product of his labor. —A. H. Gouraud in North American Review

Forewarned.

A provident man is literally a man who looks ahead—such a man, for instance, as figures in this little anecdote. A Yorkshire vicar received the following note from one of his parishioners:

"This is to give you notice that I and Miss Jemima Arabella Brearley are coming to your church on Saturday afternoon nex', to undergo the operation of matrimony at your hands. Please be promp', as the cab is hired by the hour. Forewarned is forearmed."

The vicar was "promp'," and the "operation" was quickly performed while the cab waited.—London Standard.

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BACKED UP by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, any woman is enabled to face the world with its duties and pleasures without fear of suffering. This medicine is not a cure-all, but a specific for the chronic diseases peculiar to women. These diseases it perfectly controls and absolutely cures. Tens of thousands of women have testified that

"Favorite Prescription" makes Weak Women Strong and Sick Women Well.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	13¼
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	47	@	47½
Virginia Meal	47	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 05
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Lagrayra	10	@	12½
Rio	7	@	8
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	8	@	9
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	11	@	13
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	52	@	52½
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	75
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6½
North Carolina	7	@	8
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	8 00	@	9 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogsheads		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	13	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	32
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 120 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5¾	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palmo		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 00
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 5x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6

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COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 17.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market held higher at 49 cents per gallon bid for machine made casks and 48½ cts per gallon bid for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per bbl for strained and 95 cents for good strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.80 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at —— per barrel for hard, $2.60 for dip and $2.60 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 26@25½c; rosin firm at 95@$1.00 bid; tar firm at $1.20; crude turpentine firm at at $1.00@1.60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	158
Rosin	358
Tar	224
Crude turpentine	85

Receipts same day last year.—188 casks spirits turpentine, 306 bbls rosin, 170 bbls tar, 44 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5⅞c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Good Ordinary	3 7-16 cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4 13-16	" "
Low Middling	5 7-16	" "
Middling	5⅞	" "
Good Middling	6¼	" "

Same day last year middling 5½c.

Receipts—1 bale; same day last year, 0.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Extra prime, $1.00 to $1.10c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, $1.10 to $1.12½. Virginia—Extra prime, 75 to 80c; fancy, 95c.

CORN—Firm; 52 to 52½ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80 acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

In Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

In New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot, also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres, all set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting rail road, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

je 7

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

BREVITIES

PERSONALITIES.

Representative David F. Wilbur of New York is one of the largest hop growers in this country.

Addison C. Harris, the new minister to Austria, is said to be one of the best classical scholars ever graduated from the Northwestern university.

Secretary of State Hay was brought up a Presbyterian, and as a boy was a regular attendant at the Presbyterian Sunday school at Warsaw, Ills.

Mr. Jamsetsji Tata has offered the Indian government $1,250,000 for the establishment in India of a university for research on the model of Johns Hopkins.

Unlike many public men, Governor Tanner of Illinois does not object to being caricatured, and even goes so far as to keep a large scrapbook of such drawings of himself.

Since a recent statement that John P. Jones of Nevada was the wealthiest man in the senate he has been overwhelmed with begging letters asking in all something over $1,000,000.

The emperor of Austria, the czar of Russia, Kaiser Wilhelm and President Faure are averse to indiscriminate handshaking. King Humbert is arrayed on the other side of the question.

It is said that when Cornelius Bliss was a small schoolboy his teacher asked him if Jerusalem was a common or proper noun. "Neither," replied the little pupil; "it's an ejaculation."

Barnett Walker of Chicago, a nephew of President Polk, is the only man ever born in the White House. His father was Polk's private secretary and the family lived in the executive mansion.

Charlemagne Tower, embassador to Russia, is the son of one of Charles Sumner's college classmates and early friends. In Pierce's "Life of Sumner" are many intimate letters addressed to the elder Tower.

Mlle. Lucie Faure, daughter of the French president, is of a tall and commanding presence, knows Latin, Greek and English, has written a few books of travel and is a kind of unofficial secretary to her father.

Tom Watson, the Georgia Populist, ex-congressman and a candidate for the vice presidency in the last presidential election, has written a two volume history of France, which so competent an authority as George Cary Eggleston pronounces serious and scholarly though full of fault as well as attractions.

APHORISMS.

Responsibility walks hand and hand with capacity and power.—J. G. Holland.

Absence of occupation is not rest. A mind quite vacant is a mind distressed. —Cowper.

He is richest who is content with least, for content is the wealth of nature.—Socrates

He who lives only to benefit himself confers on the world a benefit when he dies.—Tertullian.

There are not good things enough in life to indemnify us for the neglect of a single duty.—Mme. Swetchine.

If we have need of a strong will in order to do good, it is still more necessary for us in order not to do evil.—Mole.

There is no impossibility for him who stands prepared to conquer every hazard—the fearful are the failing.—Sarah J. Hale.

The reflections on a day well spent furnish us with joys more pleasing than ten thousand triumphs. — Thomas a Kempis.

We cannot live better than in seeking to become better, nor more agreeably than in having a clear conscience. —Socrates.

Rogues are always found out in some way. Whoever is a wolf will act as a wolf; that is the most certain of all things.—Fontaine.

Every man stamps his own value on himself. * * * The price we challenge for ourselves is given us. * * * Man is made great or little by his own will.—Schiller.

In certain conditions of the atmosphere electricity is so abundant on the top of one of the big volcanoes in Hawaii that an English geologist found that he could trace electric letters with his fingers on his blanket.

UNDYING LOVE.

"It may be for years, and it may be forever."

The childish lip quivered, the sweet voice faltered and the dark eyes of the singer filled with bright tears.

The moon shone softly down on the upturned face of the girl and revealed to the dark figure resting against a rock the sorrow she tried so hard to hide.

The waves rose and fell with unceasing motion, and seemed to echo the last sad "Mavourneen, mavourneen," that floated out on the air.

"'It may be for years, and it may be forever!' Kathleen, it will not be forever. Can't you trust me, Kathie? It will only be for a little while and then I will come back and claim my bride. Won't you trust me?"

"Yes, but there are fairer faces in your home. You will forget me, and then, Ned, I cannot live!" And the soft eyes were full of passionate tears.

"Kathie, I cannot forget you! And, though there may be fairer girls over the sea there is none so dear to me as you. I will come back, Kathleen, and you must trust me. Will you? Will you promise that when I come back I will find my own bright Kathie waiting?"

The promise was given and the quivering mouth struggled bravely to smile.

Last kisses were pressed on lip and brow, and he was gone.

Back to her quiet life she carried the sweet knowledge of his love, and, though her heart was sad when she thought of the many weary miles of land and water that lay between them, yet the letters filled with love that found their way to the little home by the sea cheered and encouraged her.

And far away in her lover's old home a girl as fair and young as Kathleen was learning to love handsome Ned.

Edward Valare was not a bad man and called himself an honorable one, but he found it pleasant pastime to call the bright blushes into his little cousin's face, and he had noticed her at first because she had Kathleen's pretty way of drooping her long lashes and giving him such shy glances.

Then his proud mother told him of Cousin Edna's broad lands and overflowing coffers.

At first he would not think of it, but thoughts of the magnificent fortune that would be his if Edna was his wife would rise despite his efforts.

He had been writing to Kathleen late one afternoon and came out on the lawn, where Edna was, with the letter in his hand.

"Cousin Ned!" she cried, "I do believe you have been writing to your sweetheart. Tell the truth! Have you?"

She had left the rustic seat and was standing close at his side trying to catch a glimpse of the name on the envelope.

"Give it to me. You should have no secrets from your cousin," she said, laughing and trying to gain possession of the letter.

He caught her hands and held them close in his own, and something in his eyes made her own drop, and the crimson blood tinged even the fair brow.

"Edna," he said impulsively, "I believe I could love you if I tried."

The eyes were downcast no longer, but were raised to his full of an eager light.

The little hands trembled violently, and, flattered by her emotion and unconcealed love and forgetting everything but her beauty, he spoke words that could not be recalled.

When the summons came for tea, he led his cousin to his mother, his affianced bride.

The letter he had written to Kathleen was consigned to the fire, and he tried to write another, breaking gently the news of his desertion. But the sweet face with the pleading dark eyes he had last looked upon in the moonlight on that foreign beach would rise up before him, and, full of remorse and regret, he turned from the task, bitterly repenting his folly.

Weeks passed, and Kathleen's eyes grew weary with watching for the delayed letter.

"I told you the fine gentleman would forget you and turn to some fairer lass, and my words, you see, are true," was the comfort her aged father gave her.

But the loving mother drew the throbbing head to her bosom and cheered her with sweet words of comfort.

The letter never came. But a newspaper came in its stead.

Kathie turned with a sickening dread to the marriage notices. As she read the color faded slowly from her face, and her lips grew white and rigid.

Well, she did not die. Death does not come for the wishing.

Five years passed away and found Kathleen still a maiden. It was her birthnight, and she had strolled down to the beach, where the moon was shining soft and bright, as it had done when, five years before, he had left her standing there almost heartbroken.

She was living again in the olden time, when a firm, quick step aroused her from the sad reverie.

A well known voice cried:

"Kathie, Kathie! I have come back!"

She turned a cold, stern face to the newcomer and her voice was as cold as her white face as she said:

"You have come back, Mr. Valare, but too late."

"For the love of heaven, Kathie, do not tell me that!"

He caught her hands in his, he pleaded with her, but the rigid lines around her mouth were slow in relaxing.

"Kathleen," he said again, "I cannot give you up. Edna's grave lies far away and Edna's boy is waiting to call you mother. I have wronged you in the past, but let my devotion in the future atone in part. Will you come to me?"

There were many "silver threads" in the brown hair of the man pleading so piteously to be forgiven that told of his suffering. And Kathie was only a woman. So the moon looked down on the same picture it saw five long years ago.—New York News.

A Victim of Cruelty.

A shaky little lady, apparently about 70 years old, filed her claim in the Madrid pension office the other day. This was Maria Louisa Yunigo, the heroine of Punta Brava, who is only 39. She lived with her family on her Cuban estate when the insurgent chief, Quentin Bandera, attacked the place. Her people, including her husband and two sons, were all killed, and the insurgent leader tried to make her cry "Cuba libre!" by their bodies. But she only shouted, "Viva Espana!" When Bandera beat her, she attacked him, tearing out one of his eyes. She was then scalped with a machete, her ears were slit to get her diamond earrings, and dozens of wounds were inflicted upon her. She was left for dead, but the Spaniards, who arrived soon after, found her heart still beating, and she was revived.

"The Fortune of War."

A plain, apt and excellent illustration of the popular expression, "the fortune of war," is the singular fact that Major General Leonard Wood, the present military governor of Santiago province, is now in command of his former commanding officer. This strange state of affairs is explained thuswise:

Just a little more than two years ago General Wood was surgeon of the Fifth Regiment infantry, with the rank of captain, and after he had left the service to practice medicine in civil life at Washington he was remembered fondly by the entire regiment as an officer who was fond of athletics, especially football and wrestling. At the opening of the late war he was appointed colonel of the rough riders, and for gallant and efficient services rendered he earned his present rank and appointment. During the entire war the Fifth was the only regular infantry regiment that did not have a chance to see service, but after the protocol had been signed and the fighting troops were being sent home the Fifth was detailed to do guard duty at Santiago under General Wood.

So it now happens that General Wood's old colonel is under his command, as are also other officers who used to rank him when he was only a captain. That is the way the world moves up and down. Verily, there is much truth in the saying that "He who takes your orders today may be your commander tomorrow."—New York Herald.

HUMOR

A TIMELY JEST.

But Nevertheless a Very Ill Advised One.

"I want your advice," said the manager to the low comedian. "This piece that we are playing now doesn't seem to catch on, and I want to put on something new. What kind of a play do you think would be suitable?"

"Let me see," replied the comedian. "You want to put the new play on about the 1st of May, I suppose?"

"Yes, I do."

"In that case," continued the funny man, "I think an emotional play would be very appropriate."

"I don't see why that should be particularly appropriate to the 1st of May," objected the manager.

"Because it is moving, you know," laughed the comedian. Then, seeing that the manager did not smile, he added, "First of May is moving day, see?"

"Oh!" said the manager.

The comedian is now looking for a job.—New York Journal.

The Washerwoman's Revenge.

Mr. De Sharp (anxiously)—I inadvertently sent my cuff buttons to the wash last week. Did you find them?

Washerwoman—Sure, Oi saw a couple in th' tub, but I have no time to be fishin around fur brass cuff buttons an Oi t'rew thim away.

Mr. De Sharp (in horrified accents)—Threw them away! Those buttons were pure gold!

Washerwoman—Moy, moy! That's too bad! Oi niver thought a young man wot was always beatin down a poor washerwoman's prices cud afford to wear gold.—New York Weekly.

Autographs to Order.

"You advertise," said the antiquarian, who was traveling in the south, "that you have signatures of Robert E. Lee and Stonewall Jackson for sale. If your terms are reasonable, I would like to possess autographs of both generals."

Then the autograph man stepped to the rear of his shop and addressed a man who was framing a picture of Jefferson Davis.

"Lay that down, Billy," he said, "and write me an autograph of General Lee and one of Jackson, if your hand's steady enough; gentleman waiting outside!"—Atlanta Constitution.

An Interesting Englishman.

Sir Algernon West, although but 66 years of age, probably forms a more interesting link with the past than any one in England and is the only man living who can claim to have run a race with the Duke of Wellington. This match took place when Sir Algernon was a boy of 6 and the Iron Duke was in his seventieth year, and the course was from the church at Walmer to the castle. Sir Algernon has known intimately almost every man of his time who has helped to make history, but none to whom he so loyally attached himself as Mr. Gladstone, whose private secretary he was.

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W. P. HALYBURTON,
Proprietor.

Postoffice, Piedmont Springs, N. C.

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Mortgage Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

By virtue of the provisions of a certain deed of mortgage made and executed by Prince C. Nixon and Gracie Ann Nixon to the Trustees of the Cape Fear Fire Engine Company No. 3 of the City of Wilmington, duly recorded in book 12, pages 637 et seq. of the records of New Hanover county, which was for value assigned to the undersigned on the 8th day of January, 1896, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will expose for sale on Friday the 8th day of September, 1899, at the Court House door of the county of New Hanover, in Wilmington, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property in said deed of mortgage.

1st Lot. Beginning at a point in the eastern line of 12th street 133 feet south from its intersection with the southern line of Wooster street and running thence southwardly along the said western line of 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet, thence north and parallel with 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 3, Block 56.

2nd Lot. Beginning at the southeastern intersection of 14th and Chesnut streets, and running thence east along the southern line of Chesnut street 165 feet, thence south parallel with 14th street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Chesnut street 165 feet to the eastern line of 14th street, and thence north along said line of said street 66 feet to the beginning.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1899.

CHARITY HENRY.
By John D. Bellamy, Attorney. au 8 30t

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WHOLESALE GROCERS,
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CORNELIUS DAVIS.

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SEABOARD AIR LINE — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:18 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M.- Laurinburg 6:28 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:45 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:19 P. M., Charlotte 10:28 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:30 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 9:56 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 25 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 35 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 13 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 18 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 35 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

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T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
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ONEIDA.....Saturday, Aug. 12

Wilmington for New York.
ONEIDA.....Saturday, Aug. 5
NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Aug. 12

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
ONEIDA.....Tuesday, Aug. 1
NEW YORK.....Tuesday, Aug. 8

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 31, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.45 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.48 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.18 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York †9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4 30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.19 P. M., Magnolia 4.38 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.40 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.19 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A M., Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.43 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A.M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 5.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 1.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.32 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 2.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 7.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.00 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Antreville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.30 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 3.55 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.08 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 5.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.52 P. M., arrive Wilson 3.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.39 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
jy 30 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.

To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

| GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive | Leave | STATIONS. | GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Ar

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 18, 1899.

STILL HOLDS THE FORT.

The Guerin Situation in Paris Remains the Same—Threatening Demonstrations by His Followers.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, August 17.—The president of the anti-Semite League, M. Guerin, is still holding out at the headquarters of the League, where he barricaded himself and defied arrest on Saturday last, when an attempt was made to arrest him. Eight of his type setters came out of the barricade to-day and surrendered themselves to the authorities. They were taken to a police station. There were a few slight demonstrations in the streets in the neighborhood, but they were easily quelled.

Another attempt made by M. Lasies to mediate between M. Guerin and the government has failed.

The Guerin situation, early this afternoon, remained the same. Barricades were erected at both extremities of the Rue Chamber and the police were constantly engaged in repulsing crowds.

M. Guerin frequently appeared at a window, earnestly regarding the approaches, as though expecting a rescue.

A band of anti-Guerin demonstrators was followed and roughly handled by a band of anti-Semites, whose enthusiasm for Guerin is becoming so fanatical that they are making a list of all who dare to insult him. The latter's lives are considered to be endangered.

M. Lasies, anti-Semite deputy from the Condom district of the Gers, has consulted with his colleagues of the National Defence group at the Palais Bourbon, and has decided to send a circular to all deputies, asking them to join in a demand for the re-opening of the Chamber of Deputies.

SEVERE STORM AT NORFOLK.

Wind Velocity Forty-two Miles and Increasing—Rain Falling in Torrents. No Damage Reported.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., August 17.—it began raining here at 5 o'clock this morning, despite the Weather Bureau's predictions of fair weather. The wind continued to blow as on yesterday and at 8 o'clock to-night it had reached a velocity of forty two miles an hour. The rain is now falling in torrents and the storm is increasing in force. High tides cover all the low places in the city, but beyond blowing down shade trees and a few signs and window blinds, no damage has resulted. At Virginia Beach the wind is fifty miles, and at Cape Henry about sixty-five. Shipping generally sticks close to port. Steamers that came in to-day, all of them delayed, reported very rough weather.

To-morrow is the twentieth anniversary of the worst storm Norfolk ever experienced. The wind attained a velocity of eighty miles an hour and did considerable damage.

COTTON MILLS COMBINE.

Offers Made for Stock of Nearly All Print Cloth Mills in Fall River.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FALL RIVER, MASS., August 17.—Offers were made to-day for the stock of nearly all the seventy print cloth mills in this city by the New York promoters of the yarn mills combination which was formed some time ago. The print cloth mills of Fall River are controlled by thirty-six corporations. Treasurers were asked to secure from their stockholders an option on the controlling interest in the stock until December 1, 1899. The option states that it is the intention, so far as may be deemed practical, to continue the business under its existing management. The prices offered for the stock of the various mills are for the most part from $15 to $25 per share above the last quoted market price. Offers are made for thirty corporations with a combined capital of $18,153,700. The bids did not include the Fall River Iron Works mills, the Parker, Robeson, Slade and Hargraves corporations. Many treasurers are opposed to the consolidation, but a large percentage of stockholders are said to be disposed to accept the offer.

Another Syndicate.

No sooner had the fact of the offer by the English syndicate to purchase the Fall River cotton mills been announced, than it became known that another and much larger syndicate had entered the field and was busy through New York parties in arranging matters preparatory to making a larger offer than that of the English people. It is stated that the capital of this new concern is to be $145,000,000 at least, and the aim is to consolidate all the cotton mills in the country under one management, the idea being to reduce the cost of reduction.

The New York man states that he will confer to-morrow with the syndicate members and within forty-eight hours will offer a bid in competition with the English concern.

From present appearances it seems that the situation may develop into an auction sale, to all intents, of fifty million dollars worth of Fall River cotton industries to the highest bidder. At present, however, the only bid in evidence is that of the English syndicate.

TO FIGHT THE ROUND BALE.

OPPONENTS OF THE GIGANTIC TRUST ORGANIZATION.

A Travelling Man Put On the Road to Answer the Farmers' Subject—S. M. Mccall, of Florence, Selected for the Work.

[*Florence Daily Times.*]

Mr. S. M. McCall, a prominent cotton buyer, has accepted a position to travel the eastern part of this State in the interests of the standard square bale, 24x54, and will soon enter upon his new duties. Mr. McCall is a warm advocate of the standard bale, and will no doubt do much good for it.

The majority of exporters and cotton mill men, Mr. McCall says, have adopted the square bale and mean to hold to it. The Savannah, Ga., Cotton Exchange also advocates it. Mr. McCall has received hundreds of letters from ginners in Georgia and other States, stating that the round bale system has been cast away as utterly worthless.

There is a big fight on between the two systems of baling the staple, but the indications point to a victory for the standard square bale, in South Carolina at least.

This fight is made by the men that do not want to see the South under the yoke of a ginning trust that will have ample power to throttle every farmer, great or small, who raises cotton.

CAPTAIN DREYFUS' COURT MARTIAL.

General Roget the Most Important Witness at Hearing in Yesterday's Session.

MADAME HENRY'S TESTIMONY

Dreyfus Tortured by Gen. Roget's Arguments — M. Demange Made Many Good Points in the Examination. M. Labori's Condition.

[Copyrighted 1899 by the Associated Press.]

RENNES, August 17.—General Roget, M. Bertulus, the investigating magistrate, the widow of the late Lieutenant Colonel Henry, and Colonel Picquart were on the stand to-day.

Madame Henry, after M. Bertulus had deposed, asked leave to speak. She stood up in a stagey manner, raised her left hand and said: "Je demande la parole" ("I ask to be heard.")

She wanted to contradict what Bertulus had said regarding the friendship of her husband and Esterhazy. She would be a handsome woman, did not the vulgarity of the drinking house she originally came from cling to her. Subaltern officers revolve around her, but Mercier and the other Generals among whom she sits seem embarrassed by her presence. What she said was a tirade learned by heart, and scarcely evidence. It, however, was not wide of some points that Bertulus brought out. She wanted to show that Bertulus could not possibly have wrung an avowal from Henry that he and Esterhazy formed an association of traitors.

Her story coincided with what Gen. Roget said on this subject. So far from Bertulus appearing to suspect Henry and crushing the latter with words of suspicion, she said her late husband had described that magistrate as "charming." She said Bertulus even embraced Henry when the latter was taking his leave, a circumstance which struck the wife when she heard of it as boding no good. She jumped to the conclusion that falsehood lay behind the kiss and that Bertulus was a Judas. This idea she then developed in a passionate peroration that seemed a lesson learned by heart. Madame Henry was very like the late Madame Agar, the actress, as she indulged in this piece of dramatic vengeance.

Bertulus felt that it would never do to argue with her, for tears were standing in her eyes and the judges were looking sympathetic. So he said that he preferred saying nothing to a lady, whose grief he respected and whose angry excitement he pardoned.

Roget on the Stand.

General Roget again to-day showed extraordinary forensic ability. I do not know the military worth of the Generals who are acting here as witnesses, but I do not wonder at the old judges of the Court of Cassation being jealous of their argumentative capacity, their skill in turning a case inside out, in puzzling innuendo, in casuistry and in elegant verbal facility.

Mercier is wonderful in these respects. Billots is not inferior to him, but Roget is the superior of both in forensic skill, acumen and suggestiveness.

Roget is a very able man. He is the son of a gendarme in the Pyrennes and obtained his commission by passing the examinations. He is fair, rather English-looking, regular in features and cold and deliberate in manner. He speaks distinctly and rather slowly, but does not fall into the defect into which Madame Henry fell, of making every syllable a long one.

Dreyfus Seemed Tortured.

Dreyfus was under Roget as an outsider at the general staff and seemed tortured by his arguments and the points he made, points that went home to the military judges and were intended to poison their minds. Finally he could stand it no longer and starting up, his eyes gleaming with anger, he cried: "You deal only in argumentation. I have listened to you for hours without hearing a single fact."

There were, nevertheless, some facts to-day, but they were adduced to destroy the credit of Colonel Picquart, who was represented, when head of the intelligence department, as playing a crooked part and keeping back every piece of information unfavorable to Dreyfus.

M. Demange made many happy points in putting questions to Gen. Roget, who dodged them with presence of mind and address, and when in a corner with cool impudence. Still Roget had the ear of the court. He knows how to speak to specialized military minds.

The evidence of M. Bertulus was, on the whole favorable to Dreyfus in the judgment of the civilian listeners. Unfortunately his reputation is blown up. He belonged, when at Nice, to the Southern Railway gang, and, as the magistrate sent to investigate their swindle, played into their hands. Roget alluded to this and to other acts of Bertulus, and showed that he did not respect him. M. Bertulus is an Epicurian and has shocked Rennes people by his rather gay relations with a former actress, who somehow rolls in riches. Still, he seems to me a fair and truthful witness and his deposition must effect the public. Colonel Picquart will be heard again to-morrow.

Still Undiscovered.

M. Labori's assailant is still undiscovered. At a convent of Marists, at Cosson, near Rennes, the brothers vainly searched for him. This has won sympathy for the Clerical party, as it was thought a brotherhood might shelter him.

An hypothisis that seems nearer to truth is that he is a soldier, who was given a suit of clothing and told where to exchange it for a uniform, which he could again don as soon as Labori was shot. I can imagine a Breton soldier, brim full of hatred to the Jew and "that traitor Dreyfus" taking his life in his hands and going resolutely to kill Labori.

(Signed) EMILY CRAWFORD.

Labori Slightly Worse.

Previous to the opening of the proceedings of the court martial to-day it became known that Maitre Labori, leading counsel for Dreyfus, who was shot in the back from ambush, was slightly worse to-day. His physicians have not yet extracted the bullet, his fever continues to increase, and it is not believed that he will be able to attend court Monday. Consequently Maitre Monard, counsel for the Dreyfus family before the Court of Cassation in the trial revision proceedings, has been summoned to replace M. Labori until such time as the latter is able to resume conduct of the case.

Substitute Counsel.

M. Monard is expected to appear in court to-morrow. Although he is a poor substitute for the brilliant, energetic Labori, it is hoped his presence will strengthen the defence.

However, in spite of the difficulties encountered by the defence, to-day's session of the court opened with brighter prospects for the prisoner, as M. Demange, of counsel for the defence, evidently came primed with questions to be put to General Roget. The latter resumed his deposition on the opening of the court, dealing with the theft of Esterhazy's letters from Mlle. Pays. A number of the counsel's shots struck the bull's eye and made the general squirm in his seat. Unfortunately, M. Demange is not yet in a position to go thoroughly over the ground of this witness' deposition. General Roget will, probably, be recalled to the stand.

A LATIN REPUBLIC.

The Conference at Rio Janeiro of Representatives of South American States. President Roca's Speech.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RIO JANEIRO, August 17.—The visiting Argentine congressmen, in taking leave of the members of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies to day received unusual honors.

All the high Brazilian officials paid a visit to day to the Argentine warships San Martin, Buenos Ayres and Patria, which accompanied President Roca on his visit to this country.

At a general reception given in honor of the Argentine visitors, President Campos Salles, of Brazil, made an important speech. Addressing President Roca, he said:

"General, your visit is timely, coinciding with the exact moment that Brazil is desirous of maintaining the peace and harmony of her international relations, not only with neighboring nations of similar origin, but also to make understanding and mutual guarantees with every other country."

The remarks are considered to signify the approaching formation of a Latin republic which will be without prejudice to other countries, especially to the United States.

DEWEY CELEBRATION.

The Admiral Says He Will Reach New York September 29th.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 17.—At to day's meeting of the committee on the plan and scope of the Dewey celebration, General Butterfield read a cablegram from Admiral Dewey which effectually sets at rest all reports that the Admiral would first go to Washington before the celebration in his honor in New York. The message was as follows:

Leghorn, August 14th, 1899.—To General Butterfield, New York.—Yours of August 1st received. Will reach the lower bay without fail Friday, September 29. Ready for parade Saturday morning.

(Signed) DEWEY.

VENEZUELA'S INSURRECTION.

Insurgents Defeated in a Bloody Battle. Loss 800 Killed and Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 17.—United States Minister Russell, at Carracas, reports to the State Department that the insurgent faction in the State of Los Andes, Venezuela, under Gen. Citriano Castro, was completely defeated by the government troops in a bloody battle, which lasted eighteen hours. The loss of the insurgents is placed at 800 killed and wounded, and that of the government at 300. This is the end of the disturbance in that section, which is the only one affected.

THE DREYFUS TRIAL.

Correspondents of London Papers Believe He Will be Found Guilty.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 17.—The correspondence of London papers in Rennes are almost unanimous in taking a gloomy view of the prospects of Captain Dreyfus. They seem to believe it likely that he will be found guilty.

The representatives of the *Daily Telegraph* say that unless the German government reveals the name of the traitor, it is quite on the cards that the same verdict will be rendered as in the previous court martial.

NEIL'S CROP ESTIMATE.

Cotton Men Declare It Far Beyond What the Figures Will Be.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AUGUSTA, GA., August 16.—Neil's estimate of a twelve-million-bale crop has greatly stirred Augusta cotton men, who themselves keep posted on the cotton outlook, and know that it is far beyond what the real figures will be. Immediately upon receipt of the news at the Cotton Exchange here, a bet of $3,000 was telegraphed to New York that Neil's figures were an overestimate, but it found no taker.

FIGHT WITH FILIPINOS.

Angeles Attacked by 800 Insurgents. Twelfth Regiment Drove Them Back.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, August 17.—Eight hundred insurgents attacked Angeles this morning, but the Twelfth regiment drove them into the mountains. Three ditched locomotives were captured. None of the American troops were injured. The insurgents' loss is not known.

Mr. C. T. Spencer, of Kentucky, a reporter of the Manila *Times*, was killed yesterday during the fight at Angeles.

WARM WIRELETS.

There is nothing new in the yellow fever situation at the Hampton Soldiers' Home. This is the only place now quarantined by the government.

It is announced that the United States cruiser Olympia, now at Leghorn, will arrive at Villefranca, France, August 22d.

At Newport, R. I., Ward and Davis won the national Tennis championship in doubles, defeating Ware and Sheldon, the 1898 champions, by 6-4, 6 4, 6 3.

At Washington, Indiana, last night a carriage containing six persons was precipitated into White river as it was being driven aboard a ferry boat and all were drowned.

The United States transport Burnside, which left New York August 9th for Matanzas, and which was overdue at that port, arrived there at noon yesterday.

The Ward line steamer Vigilancia, from New York August 9th, for Havana, several days overdue, is believed safe. The steamer Mexico, of the same line, passed the Vigilancia in a gale Monday last. At that time the Vigilancia was hove-to.

John Clark and William Love, two prominent white farmers, near Bainbridge, Ga., were set upon by a negro while searching for their hogs in a swamp. Clark was clubbed to death and Love will hardly recover, but was able to give the negroes name as Noah McRae. The negro is being pursued.

ANOTHER CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS.

More Troops Are Needed for Service in the Philippine Islands.

TEN ADDITIONAL REGIMENTS.

To be Recruited in New England and the Middle and Central Western States. No Special Efforts to be Made for Recruits in the South.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, August 17.—An order has been issued directing that ten additional regiments of infantry volunteers be organized for service in the Philippines. The regiments will be organized at the following places, in the order named: Fort Snelling, Minnesota; Fort Crook, Nebraska; Fort Ritley, Kansas; Camp Meade, Pennsylvania; Fort Niagara, New York; Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; Jefferson Barracks, Missouri; South Farmingham, Mass.

It appears from to-day's orders that the ten new regiments are to be mainly recruited in New England and the Middle and Central Western States. Kansas and Pennsylvania have apparently been selected as the best field for recruits. It is said that no special effort is to be made to secure recruits in the Southern States.

This is due, it is said, to the experience of the officers who operated in that quarter for recruits for the ten volunteer regiments just now being organized. The only places where difficulty was experienced in securing men was in Georgia and Alabama, the Carolinas and the Gulf States, and the two Northwestern Pacific States.

To day's action will add 13,000 men to the enlisted strength of the army and increases the total strength of the army to 95,045 men. The total number of volunteers called into service is 30,107 men, being only 4,893 men short of the total authorized volunteer establishment of 35,000. It is stated at the department that the number of volunteers already called into service is regarded as amply sufficient to meet all possible needs of the army and that there is no possibility that the remaining 4,983 volunteers will be called for.

Yesterday's recruiting for the volunteer army amounted to 289 men, making the total recruitment to date 14,122, or 1,032 in excess of the number required to complete the ten regiments organized under the orders of July 5th All of these regiments have secured their full quota, except the Twenty-ninth regiment, at Fort McPherson, Ga.; the Thirty-third, at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., and the Thirty-fifth, at Vancouver barracks. These three regiments will be filled by the use of the overflow from the more successful regiments. The remainder of the excess will be used in filling the volunteer regiments being slowly organized in the Philippines, which are about 800 men short.

The new regiments will be organized under the general instructions issued at the time the first ten regiments were called out.

With the thirteen regiments already called into service, the ten ordered to day will make a total of 30,000, in round numbers, of the 35,000 volunteers authorized.

COL. WM. J. BRYAN

Will Attend the Democratic State Convention in Omaha Next Tuesday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LINCOLN, NEB., August 17.—Col. William J. Bryan, after a day of rest at his home, to-morrow begins a short speech-making tour in Nebraska towns. He will attend the Democratic State Convention at Omaha next Tuesday, going from there soon after for speeches in Missouri and later in Iowa. Mr. Bryan said he had no comment to make on yesterday's conventions at Des Moines and Lexington. He hopes to return to Lincoln for a good rest before opening the campaign.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—New York—Cincinnati, 4; New York, 13. Second game—New York, 5; Cincinnati, 4

Boston—Louisville, 6; Boston, 7. Second game—Louisville, 2; Boston, 1.

Brooklyn—Cleveland, 2; Brooklyn, 20.

Washington—Washington, 3; Pittsburg, 5.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 12; St. Louis, 6.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 13; Chicago, 5.

Taylor Hamilton, one of the mob which took Si Smith from the jail in Gainesville, Ga., and lynched him a few weeks ago, made a full confession before the grand jury. In his confession Hamilton implicates a number of prominent merchants, and his story of the affair has created a sensation.

ACTS GENTLY ON THE

KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS

CLEANSES THE SYSTEM

DISPELS COLDS EFFECTUALLY, OVERCOMES HEADACHES & FEVERS

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

BUY THE GENUINE—MANF'D BY

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO. NEW YORK.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c. PER BOTTLE.

FIRE AT RED SPRINGS.

Lumber Mills and Railroad Cars Burned. Loss $10,000, Partly Insured.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RED SPRINGS, N. C., August 17.—A ten thousand dollar fire here to-day.

W. J. McDiarmid's planing mills, offices, lumber, etc., burned; loss $5,000, partially insured. The Red Springs Lumber Co. lost four cars of lumber, the depot, and $200 worth of freight. Loss, $1,000; not insured. A. C. L Railroad lost three flat cars, a water tank, and the damage to the track caused two hours delay to the trains. The fire caught from sparks.

LYNCHING IN ALABAMA.

Negro Taken From Jail by a Mob and Shot to Death.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., August 17.—A special from Brantley, Ala., says:

Charles Hurt, a negro, who attempted to assault Mrs. Stephen Battle, a widow, near Brantley yesterday was taken from the Brantley jail last night by a mob of one hundred men and shot to death in the woods half a mile away.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Pic Nic Cheese, Sugar Cakes, Peanuts, Cheroots, Chewing Gum, Virginia Meal, and full line fresh stock. Deer Tongue and Beeswax bought. We will serve you. T. D. Love, 23 North Water. ag 15 tf

For Rent—In one of the most desirable localities in the city a large dwelling containing modern improvements, fine cistern and excellent servants' rooms, laundry and all the necessary out houses. Newly painted and papered and in thorough repair. Possession given first of October. Apply to Empie & Empie, attorneys at law, Smith building. au 15 1w

Band Sawyer, Machine Men, Cabinet Makers, Varnishers and Finishers wanted. Address, The Melville Furniture Co., Mebane N. C. aug 11 1w

I Am Agent for the "Randolf" Buggy and also of other work. Come and see me when in need of Buggies and Harness. P. H. Hayden. aug 3 tf

Large consignment Mt. Airy Apples in to-day. Choice stock for quick sale. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Choice Confections. Best Up-country Butter always on hand. A. S. Winstead, Second street, corner Postoffice green. jy 20 tf

Photographic Notice—U. C. Ellis, Photographer, has returned and is now at his old stand, 114 Market street. jy 16 tf

City Lots For Sale—Cheap for cash, or sold on time on sufficient margin. Apply to Geo. H. Howell, Attorney at Law, room No. 5 Smith building. jy 15 1m

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. R. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

With Capital $200,000, furnishes its customers with the best facilities at all times, because in watching their interests it is serving its own.

No philanthropy about it, It's Business.

Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit, or anything in the banking line.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
jy 27 tf

NEW MULLETS.

2000 pounds New Mullets.
1500 bushels N. C. R. P. Oats.
110 Picnic Cheese.
1400 bushels Va. Meal.
1200 bushels Prime Corn.
1000 bushels Peanuts.
150 cases Oysters.
175 cases Sardines.
123 boxes Candy.
73 pails Fancy Candy.
28 cases Potted Ham.
120 boxes Meat.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
aug 11 tf Wilmington, N. C.

At The Unlucky.

SPEAKING of Tea.

I am selling a blended Tea for that beats the world and cannot be replaced for 40c. **35c**

Try it.

Don't you love Stuffed Mango Pickles? We have them, and my, don't they taste good.

A rasher of Bacon, cut from one of our delicious "Harvey" Strips, will make your mouth water. So crisp and delicate.

My 'Phones are 109.

S. W. SANDERS.
jy 18 tf

PORK, PORK.

200 bbls Reg. Mess Pork
100,000 lbs Rib Sides
500 bbls Molasses.
200 bbls Sugar.
300 bags Coffee.
2,000 Machine Spirit Casks
4,000 bushels Corn.
1,000 bushels Meal.

Also, Salt, Rice, Tobacco, Drugs and other goods.

D. L. GORE,
aug 11 tf 120, 122 and 124 North Water street.

Mrs. W. E. Mayo has opened the New Ocean View Hotel

FOR THE SEASON. Meals served promptly at all hours. Every accommodation for comfort of guests Charges reasonable. Special rates for families. je 28 tf

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

VAL. DUTTENHOFER & SONS.

Get Coupons and Begin Now. A Useful Household Present

For You!

Look in our Window.

Same place—115 Princess Street.
P. S.—

WE SELL SHOES.

MERCER & EVANS.
aug 6 tf

BAGGING AND TIES.

500 ROLLS BAGGING.
600 BUNDLES TIES.
1500 LBS FRESH MULLETS.
1800 BUSHELS PURE VA. WATER GROUND MEAL.
100 SACKS GRITS.
300 BBLS RED SEAL FLOUR HALF PATENT.
200 BBLS FULL PATENT.
50 BOXES CANDY.
40 PAILS MIXED CANDY.
10 BBLS STICK CANDY.
200 BOXES FRESH CAKES.
100 CASES STAR LYE.
100 CASES TOMSON LYE.
200 CASES MENDLESON LYE.

WESCOTT & STONE, Wholesale Grocers.
aug 18 tf

Have Just Received for Monday's Trade.

FANCY SOFT PEACHES FOR CREAM, FANCY DELAWARE AND NIAGARA GRAPES, FLORIDA PINEAPPLES AND

ALSO A NICE LINE OF CHOCOLATE CANDY

20c to 40c per lb.

TRY A SAMPLE POUND.
'PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR ICE CREAM.

JNO. W. PLUMMER, Jr.
aug 6 tf

GERMANIA.

PORTLAND CEMENT,
HOFFMAN ROSINDALE CEMENT,
ANCHOR LINE.

STANDARD BAGGING,
STANDARD TIES.

Virginia Water Ground Meal.

BEST GROCERIES,
BEST PRICES,
BEST TERMS.

THE WORTH CO.
jy 14 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.

September Mullets.

se 1 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 6TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,

6 and 9.15 A. M., 3, 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M.; 1, 3.45, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays

Fare to pier and return on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.

Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12.30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT,

boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.

Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.

J. W. HARPER, Manager.
je 6 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10 10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

aug 1 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

PEACE INSTITUTE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.

e 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

No. 17 South Front Street.

THE FINEST, BEST SELECTED, CHEAPEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.

Special Bargains every week. My prices are spot cash, but to reliable parties I will sell on terms suited to the consumer. aug 1 tf

Who saves his dimes at idle times,
Investing them securely,
Will see them grow 'till dollars flow
To swell his fortune surely.

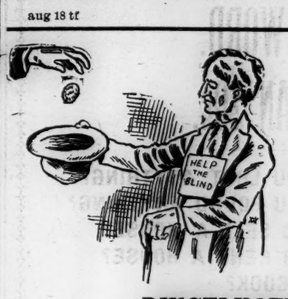
This Bank receives without dissent.
Dollars, dimes or quarters,
And pays interest at rate of four per cent,
To fathers, sons and daughters.

Full rules and regulations governing Deposits may be had at the bank The next quarter begins Sept. 1st.

WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.

aug 18 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President.
GEORGE SLOAN, Cashier.



DROP A COIN

Into a blind man's hat—then THINK. Sight is the most inestimable of all blessings; blindness the most woeful of all afflictions. This being so, you will readily concede the great importance of your eyes as a part of your animal organism. A momentary realization of your helplessness without them will aid you to a just appreciation of their worth. Spectacles made to protect and preserve the sight is what we offer you Our examinations leave no defect uncorrected—that insures you absolute SAFETY.

DINGELHOEF BROS., OCULO OPTICIANS,
PARLOR NO. 123. MARKET STREET.
aug 18 tf

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

Having just finished taking our annual inventory, we find too much stock in some Departments and in others we have only Odds and Ends. So offer during this month

BARGAINS IN ALL OUR DEPARTMENTS.

Special inducements are offered you in the Carpet Department for the next two weeks, before the arrival of our new stock, which we expect August 15th.

Our Window Shade Department is now complete.

See us this Fall before you buy your Window Shades We are Sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns. September Designer now on sale.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.
aug 6 tf

THE NORTH CAROLINA

College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts

Offers a thorough practical education in all branches of Agriculture, in Cotton Manufacturing, in Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, in Architecture and in the Industrial Sciences, Chemistry, Biology and Physics.
Regular courses, special courses, short courses.
Total annual expenses, including board, fuel, lights, etc., $118.50.
One hundred and twenty scholarships carrying free tuition and lodging are open to needy boys Appointments made by any member of the Legislature.

ELEVENTH SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 6TH, 1899.

Candidates for admission may be examined in each county court house at 10 A. M., AUGUST 19TH, 1899, by the County Superintendent, or at the College in Raleigh, SEPTEMBER 5TH, 1899.
For catalogue, address

PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON,
aug 8 tf WEST RALEIGH, N. C.

NEW CARPETS

THEY ARE ARRIVING, MANY HAVE COME IN, AND OTHERS TO FOLLOW.

OUR BUYER having visited the markets early, has shown exceptionally good taste in CAREFULLY SKIMMING and accepting none but the **Pure and Unadulterated Cream.**

AXMINSTERS, - VELVETS, - TAPESTERIS,

EXTRA SUPERS and AXMINSTER ART SQUARES. THE ART SQUARES

Are something very artistic in design and made of best goods, and are well worthy of your consideration. The Carpets are most exquisite in effects, and those who have homes to furnish will make a mistake by not seeing them before making their purchase.

An invitation is extended to all, to call and inspect the stock.

The best work guaranteed and promptness is a characteristic of the house.

Yours, truly,

A. D. BROWN,
aug 6 tf Agent for "Her Majesty's" Corsets and Butterick's Patterns.

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The balance of our stock of Suitings and Trouserings AT COST. OUR $1.25 Negligee Shirts at

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aug 6 tf

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GOOD SHOES, NEW SHOES, CHEAP SHOES, NICE SHOES.

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REMEMBER our terms are strictly cash. DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,

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